allotted leases or under Federal leases for minerals other than oil and gas. [FR Doc. 96-27506 Filed 10-25-96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310-MR-P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 62

[TX-7-1-5220b; FRL-5629-6]

Approval and Promulgation of State Air Quality Plans for Designated Facilities and Pollutants, Texas; **Control of Sulfuric Acid Mist Emissions From Existing Sulfuric Acid Production Plants and Total Reduced** Sulfur From Existing Kraft Pulp Mills

AGENCY: Environmental Protection

Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: The EPA is proposing approval of the Texas plans for controlling sulfuric acid mist emissions from existing sulfuric acid production plants and for controlling total reduced sulfur (TRS) from existing kraft pulp mills. The plans were submitted to fulfill the requirements of section 111(d) of the Clean Air Act. These plans were adopted by the State of Texas on May 12, 1989, and submitted by the Governor to the EPA in a letter dated August 21, 1989. Please see the direct final notice of this action located elsewhere in today's Federal Register for a detailed description of the State plan.

DATES: Comments on this proposed rule must be postmarked by November 27, 1996.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be mailed to Thomas H. Diggs, Chief, Air Planning Section (6PD-L), EPA Region 6, 1445 Ross Avenue, Dallas, Texas 75202-2733. Copies of the State's plan and other information relevant to this action are available for inspection during normal hours at the following locations:

Environmental Protection Agency, Region 6, Air Planning Section (6PD-L), 1445 Ross Avenue, Suite 700, Dallas, Texas 75202-2733.

Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission, Air Quality Program, 12124 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas 78753.

Anyone wishing to review this plan at the Region 6 EPA office is asked to contact the person below to schedule an appointment 24 hours in advance.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lt. Mick Cote, Air Planning Section (6PD- L), EPA Region 6, telephone (214) 665-

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: See the information provided in the Direct Final rule which is located in the Rules Section of this Federal Register.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 62

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Air pollution control, Intergovernmental relations, Paper and paper products industry, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Sulfuric acid plants, Sulfuric oxides.

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q. Dated: September 30, 1996. Jerry Clifford,

Acting Regional Administrator. [FR Doc. 96-26558 Filed 10-25-96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

40 CFR Part 372

[OPPTS-400106A; FRL-5572-4]

Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know; Notice of Public Meetings

AGENCY: Environmental Protection

Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice of public meeting.

SUMMARY: This Notice amends a Notice of Public Meetings that was published in the Federal Register of October 1, 1996, announcing two public meetings to receive public comment on issues raised by the Agency's advance notice of proposed rulemaking (ANPR) titled Addition of Reporting Elements; Toxic Chemical Release Reporting; Community Right-to-Know," also issued in the Federal Register of October 1. This Notice is to inform the public that EPA is extending the public meeting time in Baton Rouge, Louisiana to 2 days due to the large number of people who registered to speak at this meeting and that the location of the meeting is being changed. In order to allow all registered speakers sufficient time to publicly present their comments on these issues, EPA feels it is necessary to provide an additional meeting day. EPA is not extending registration for speakers for this meeting, therefore only those stakeholders already registered to speak at this meeting will be scheduled on the agenda. Speakers who registered on or before October 11, 1996, will be notified by EPA as to which day of the meeting they will be scheduled to speak. The order of speakers will be based upon the order in which they signed up; no specific times will be assigned. Preferences for speaking on a particular

day will be given in the order in which the speakers were registered. In addition, EPA is announcing a third public meeting on the issues associated with the ANPR. This meeting will be held in Washington, DC to provide additional opportunity for the public to present their comments to EPA. **DATES:** The meeting in Baton Rouge, LA is schedule to take place on October 29 and 30, 1996. The meeting on October 29 is scheduled from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. The meeting on October 30 will start at 9 a.m. and will continue through the last registered speaker, which will be no later than 5 p.m. The meeting in Washington, DC is scheduled to take place on December 3 and 4, 1996, from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. or through the last

ADDRESSES: The meeting on October 29 and 30 will be held at the Best Western Richmond Suites Hotel, 5668 Hilton Avenue, Baton Rouge, LA. (Please note that this is a change of location.) The meeting on December 3 and 4, 1996, will be held at the Environmental Protection Agency, Education Center Auditorium, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC.

registered speaker, which will be no

later than 5 p.m.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To register to speak at the public meeting on December 3 or 4, contact Cassandra Vail at 202-260-0675, e-mail: vail.cassandra@epamail.epa.gov. For additional information about the meetings, contact Denise Coutlakis at 202-260-5558, e-mail: coutlakis.denise@epamail.epa.gov. For further information on EPCRA section 313, contact the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Hotline, Environmental Protection Agency, Mail Stop 5101, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. Toll free: 1-800-535-0202, in Virginia and Alaska: 703-412-9877 or Toll free TDD: 800-553-7672.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In 1986. Congress enacted the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (EPCRA). Section 313 of EPCRA requires certain businesses to submit reports each year on the amounts of toxic chemicals their facilities release into the environment or otherwise manage. The information is placed in a publicly accessible data base known as the Toxics Release Inventory (TRI). The purpose of this requirement is to inform the public, government officials, and industry about the chemical management practices of specified toxic chemicals.

EPA is interested in expanding the information available via TRI to include chemical use information such as materials accounting data. The Agency